

GRUPPO DI STUDIO

inglese (per concorsi)

Calendario

31 maggio

7 giugno

ore 18:00-20:00 Lettura di brani di livello elementare

24 maggio ore 18:00-20:00 Quiz di concorsi (quiz "fill in the blanks")

ore 18:00-20:00 Lettura di brani di livello intermedio

ore 18:00-20:00 Prove di concorsi (colloquio, self introduction e curriculum)

14 giugno ore 18:00-20:00 Prove di concorsi (brani, quiz e traduzione vari livelli)



Coordinatore: Luca Olivotti

10 ore in diretta + videoregistrazione (max 25 iscritti)



	DOMANDA	A)	B)	C)	D)
1	Choose the correct answer to this question: What's the matter?	We are thirsty	We're right	Fine, thank you	Fine, and you?
2	Choose the correct answer to this question: Where's Strasbourg?	It is in France	It is in French	It is French	It in France
3	Choose the correct question for this answer: Yes, he is. It's bedtime	Is he sleepy?	Does he have sleep?	Is he sleep?	Does he want to sleep?
4	The police are looking for in his twenties	an unemployed man	the unemployed	the unemployed man	unemployed men
5	I don't think on this website is correct	the information	the informations	an information	information
6	I can't remember the name of the museum we visited in Madrid. Was it?	Prado	Prado Museum	The Prado Museum	Museum Prado
7	three girls the bus stop	There are / at	There is / in	They are / next	There are /on
8	My brother and are holiday	I / on	me / at	I / in	me / in

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1 Mr Brown the manager of t	he site.	A are / home	B is / building	C has / builder	D have / house
2 salary is than aver	age.	A These / higher	B A / more	C What / more	D The / higher
3 It was the book I have _	read.	A bad / never	B worse / ever	C badly / not	D worst / ever
4 your shoes the table.		A Don't leave / under E	B Doesn't leave / betwe	en C To not leave / to D	Not leave / from
5 The workers will agree to	conditions	s. A never / said	B not / these	C never / so	D not / this
6 Mrs Smith as an interprete	r the last ten y	rears. A is working / all	B have worked / since	C has worked / for	D has working / in
7 What doing? I the	newspaper.	A you / read	B do you / read	C are you / 'm reading	D have / reading
8 I'm you speak mo	re slowly?	A strange / Do	B stranger / Can	C a foreigner / Could	D strange / Does
9 If the plane late, we will	wait at the airpor	rt. A won't be / ha	ve B is / have	C will be / had to	D is / have to
10 isn't bread left.	A That	/ some B There	e / any C They	/ any D Here	e / an

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Three Ways the COVID-19 Pandemic Could Change Disability Policies And Practices.

How will our world change after the pandemic? Will our World go completely back to normal and try to forget all of this ever happened, the way so many citizens did after the 1918 Influenza Pandemic? Or, will we go a bit further and make bigger reforms we once thought impossible?

1. Working online, "from home."

friends and coworkers, and face to face with customers.

Disabled people lose jobs because they aren't allowed the option to work from home, or even apply. Disabled students are forced to drop out of college because professors and administrators won't be flexible about on-site attendance when disabilities appears.

Not all disabled people want to work from home. Some of us have jobs that can't be transferred home. Many disabled people lack adequate devices and internet connections.

And many of us prefer to work and learn outside of our homes, side by side with our

2. A new way of congregate care.

Hospitals and Nursing Homes full of medically vulnerable people, <u>cared for by</u> a high density of staff, <u>are breeding</u> grounds for illness, especially during serious outbreaks.

3. More attention to disability problems.

The pandemic has generated some new attention to disabled people's difficulties, but not yet on what we actually need to be done. Once again we see the usual gap between sympathy for disabled people, and caring about disability issues. The pandemic has provided some promising openings. But it could in the end just as easily slam the door.

144 Thanks for telling me about the meeting. I about it if you me	wouldn't have known / hadn't told	wouldn't know / hadn't told	wouldn't have known /didn't tell	wouldn't know / didn't tell
145 If a friend one of your favourite things, what would you say?	broke	would break	breaks	broken
146 I her now, if I you	wouldn't ask / were	didn't ask / was	didn't ask / were	wouldn't ask / had been
147 Choose the alternative which means the same as this sentence: Would you rather I phoned him?	Would you prefer it if I phoned him?	Do you want to phone him?	Do you think it's better to phone him?	Do you think I should phone him?
148 It's time	we left	we leave	we should leave	that we leave
$149\ \mathrm{If}\ \mathrm{I} \ldots$ more time, I \ldots to visit the cathedral	had had / would have liked	would have had / had liked	had / would have liked	had had / would like
$150\ \mathrm{If}\ \mathrm{I}\ \mathrm{had}\ \mathrm{taken}\ \mathrm{that}\ \mathrm{test}, \mathrm{I}\\ \mathrm{pass}\ \mathrm{it}$	wouldn't have been able to pass it	couldn't pass it	shouldn't have passed it	might pass it
151 I don't like the green trousers. I prefer	the blue ones	the ones blue	the blue	those blue
152 We normally have four lessons	a week	the week	in the week	at week
153 I need	some information	an information	some informations	three informations

Il candidato legga e traduca in italiano il seguente brano:

Public offices are organised according to the provisions of law, so as to ensure the efficiency and impartiality of administration. Employment in public administration is accessed through competitive examinations, except in the cases established by law.

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Art. 97 Cost.

- I pubblici uffici sono organizzati secondo disposizioni di legge [95 c.3], in modo che siano assicurati il buon andamento e l'imparzialità dell'amministrazione.
- Nell'ordinamento degli uffici sono determinate le sfere di competenza, le attribuzioni e le responsabilità proprie dei funzionari.
- Agli impieghi nelle pubbliche amministrazioni si accede mediante concorso, salvo i casi stabiliti dalla legge

Il candidato legga e traduca in italiano il seguente brano:

All citizens of either sex <u>are eligible for public offices</u> and for elective positions on equal terms, according to the conditions established by law. To this end, the Republic <u>shall adopt</u> specific measures to promote equal opportunities between women and men.

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Art. 51 Cost.

Tutti i cittadini dell'uno o dell'altro sesso possono accedere agli uffici pubblici e alle cariche elettive in condizioni di eguaglianza, secondo i requisiti stabiliti dalla legge. A tale fine la Repubblica promuove con appositi provvedimenti le pari opportunità tra donne e uomini.

Il candidato legga e traduca in italiano il seguente brano:

Italy rejects war as an instrument of aggression against the freedom of other peoples and as a means for the settlement of international disputes.

Italy agrees, on conditions of equality with other States, to the limitations of sovereignty that may be necessary to a world order ensuring peace and justice among the Nations.

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Art. 11 Cost.

L'Italia ripudia la guerra come strumento di offesa alla libertà degli altri popoli e come mezzo di risoluzione delle controversie internazionali; consente, in condizioni di parità con gli altri Stati, alle limitazioni di sovranità necessarie ad un ordinamento che assicuri la pace e la giustizia fra le Nazioni; promuove e favorisce le organizzazioni internazionali rivolte a tale scopo.



"I have two mommies. I know where the apostrophe goes."

https://formazione.omniavis.com/courses/gr022

